Contact tracing apps in Canada
A new world for data privacy
As of May 11, 2020

The COVID-19 pandemic has seen governments across the world restricting civil liberties and movement to new levels. To aid the safe lifting of current public health restrictions, new technologies are being developed – contact tracing apps – and rolled out to automate labour intensive tasks critical to containing the spread of the virus. Our contact tracing survey summarises the principal regulatory and policy issues applicable to contact tracing across a range of key jurisdictions in real time.

Is technology being used by the government to monitor and control the spread of COVID-19 (e.g. contact tracing app, CCTV, cell phone location data, credit-card history)?

The Government of the Province of Alberta has introduced a mobile contact tracing app, "ABTraceTogether", which utilizes Bluetooth with the aim of letting users know if they have been exposed to COVID-19 or exposed others. Alberta's "ABTraceTogether" app was developed using the same code that formed basis of Singapore’s “TraceTogether” App.

Currently the government of the Province of Alberta is the only Canadian government to introduce a COVID-19 contact tracing app. The Canadian Federal Government and other Canadian Provinces and municipalities are set to similarly introduce contact tracing apps.

What are considered to be the major privacy concerns in relation to the app in your jurisdiction (in relation to its use (a) by the government; and (b) by private sector organisations)?

The App is viewed to be minimally intrusive from a privacy perspective (especially in light of Alberta Privacy Commissioner’s positive comments) as it is voluntary and collects very little information, which is only used for the limited purpose of contacting users in the event of a positive test. Major privacy concerns centre around employers potentially requiring employees to download the app as a condition of being permitted to return to the workplace.

Currently a major issue is that there is insufficient uptake within the population for the app to be effective and technological issues in that the app is always required to be open and on to work properly and transmission can be interrupted while other phone applications are being used (i.e. email).
1. What is the name of app
   
   ABTraceTogether

2. Is the app voluntary?
   
   Yes

3. Is there any suggestion that use of the app and a clean result may be necessary to enter workplaces or any commercial or public buildings (or is this explicitly or implicitly prohibited)?

   No

4. What information is required to register for the app? Is the information collected considered excessive?

   Yes
   
   Phone number. As configured, information collected is likely considered reasonable as the phone number is only used to contact users if they have been in contact with an individual who has tested positive for COVID-19 (and who has also downloaded the app and voluntarily indicated the public health authorities may access contact logs stored as part of the app. Users have consent to allow public health authorities access to data where user has tested positive for COVID-19.

5. Is GPS or Bluetooth used?

   Bluetooth

6. Is data stored on a centralised server?

   No
   
   No. contact logs (and temporary ID) stored locally on user’s phone. Contact logs and Temporary ID not captured centrally unless user tests positive for COVID-19 and voluntarily provides Alberta Health with access to contact logs stored on phone.

7. Does the identity of the infected user get captured centrally?

   No
   
   No. Temporary ID stored on App and uploaded to public health authority but identity of user that generated Temporary ID not captured centrally unless user tests positive for COVID-19 and voluntarily provides Alberta Health with access to contact logs stored on phone.

8. Is the identity of the infected user disclosed to proximate users or public health authorities? Is it disclosed to anyone else?

   No
   
   The identity of infected user is to be disclosed to public health authorities who will in turn contact proximate users who may have come into contact with infected user. The app uses Bluetooth to approximate distance to other phones running the same app. The app will communicate with nearby phones for a limited period. When in close proximity to another phone also running the app, both phones use Bluetooth to exchange a temporary ID. Phone model and Bluetooth strength are also exchanged and stored on user’s device. Temporary ID stored by phone and exchanged with nearby phones is refreshed regularly. The temporary ID is encrypted and only possible to be decrypted by Alberta Health and Alberta Health Services (if infected user consents) and does not reveal user’s identity or other individual's identity.
   
   If a user tests positive for COVID-19, user may voluntarily provide Alberta Health Services with access to app data to facilitate contact tracing. If a user has been in contact with another user who has tested positive for COVID-19, the user will receive a phone call from Alberta Health.

9. Is consent needed to share data with other users/ upload the data to a centralised system?

   Yes

   Consent obtained at the time of signing up for app.

10. Is the identity of the proximate users disclosed to public health authorities? Is it disclosed to anyone else?

    No

    See above. Temporary ID provided to public health authorities but does not disclose identity of users.

11. Does the app incorporate “privacy by design” and was a privacy risk assessment completed?

    Yes

    Government of Alberta has indicated that a privacy impact assessment and security threat risk assessment was completed.
12. How long will the data be kept for, are there clear lines around timing?

Yes

The mobile application maintains contact logs for 21 days on a user’s phone. Alberta Health similarly maintains contact logs (which are uploaded from user’s phones) for 21 days. "Non-identifying information" about the use of the app is collected by Alberta Health for “reporting purposes and analytics” and maintained for 18 months. Summary reports and conclusions from analytical assessments are maintained in accordance with records retention and disposition schedule for Alberta Health.

13. Has data security been addressed expressly (e.g. encryption)?

Yes

14. Are there clear limitations regarding who may have access to the data?

Yes

Only Alberta and Alberta Health Services (which are both departments of Health for the Province of Alberta) will have access and be able to use the data.

15. Are there clear limitations on the purposes for which the government may use the data?

Somewhat

Data collected expressly indicated to be collected for the purpose of reporting total numbers of registered users and that contact information of individuals receiving a positive diagnosis will be collected for the purpose of contact tracing. Anonymized data will also be used for analytics including for “health system management and planning, policy development and analysis of the public health emergency”.

16. Is the government of your country bound by privacy laws in respect of the contact tracing data?

Yes

17. Has the regulator commented/ provided guidance on the technology?

Yes

Privacy Commissioner of Alberta has indicated that the app is minimally intrusive to the privacy rights of individuals as it is voluntary, collects minimal information, uses decentralized storage of de-identified Bluetooth contact logs and allows users to control use of the app. Individuals diagnosed with COVID-19 are also able to decide whether to disclose to public health officials the contact log stored on their phone.

18. Are there any private sector initiatives you are aware of to use/ integrate the app or the information from the app (e.g. to reflect the results back to workforces)?

No
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